

大阪大谷大学

令和6年度 入学試験問題（一般 中期）

英語

注意事項

1. 問題は全部で6ページです。解答用紙は1枚です。
2. 解答用紙の所定欄に氏名を記入してください。
3. 解答用紙の所定欄に受験番号を記入し、その下のマーク欄に正しく黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルでマークしてください。
4. 解答用紙の所定欄に入試区分を正しく黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルでマークしてください。
5. 解答用紙の解答記入欄に黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルでマークしてください。

例えば、

10

と表示のある問いに対して③と解答する場合は、次の（例）のように解答番号10の解答記入欄の③に黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルでマークしてください。

（例）

解答 番号	解 答 記 入 欄
10	① ② ● ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩

6. 問題は持ち帰ってください。

I. 次の **1** ~ **10** に入る最も適切な語句を1つ選び、所定の解答記入欄にマークしなさい。

1. Yesterday I had some great food at a new restaurant, **1** owner comes from Paris.
① that ② where ③ when ④ whose

2. Taro speaks almost no English, **2** French.
① all the more ② as well ③ no more ④ much less

3. Mari must **3** tired when she finished work yesterday. She worked all day without a break.
① be ② has been ③ have been ④ was

4. I can't believe that George tried to go to the store, **4** the typhoon.
① though ② in spite of ③ however ④ instead of

5. A tall building **5** on the corner next to the church.
① stands ② stand ③ is standing ④ is stood

6. To learn English more, I decided **6** abroad in the UK.
① for studying ② in studying ③ studying ④ to study

7. If I had had more time, I **7** more careful.
① had been ② have been
③ were ④ would have been

8. I always look **8** a word in the dictionary whenever I find one I don't know.
① about ② at ③ forward ④ up

9. I have to do the laundry **9** I get home.
① when ② that ③ what ④ which

10. The restaurant has only 20 seats, so it's first come, first **10**.
① called ② get ③ provided ④ served

II. 次の [11] ~ [20] に入る最も適切な語を下の語群から 1 つ選び、所定の解答記入欄にマークしなさい。

Japan has many fine traditions when it comes to food. Although a cheese-like substance was eaten in the distant [11], modern cheese is a relative newcomer to the Japanese table. It is used in pizza and several pasta dishes that can easily be found in restaurants and supermarkets in Japan. Sliced cheese is also common in convenience store sandwiches. Japan's milk producers have been supplying this level of cheese for some time, although it remains [12] expensive than it might be elsewhere in the world.

The recent COVID 19 problems may have helped Japanese people to [13] cheese even more. One activity people did when working from home was making "so," which is a kind of ancient cheese that [14] before the age of the Samurai. Records from the Engishiki, a book of laws from the 10th century, show us that this kind of cheese was made by cooking milk until it reduced to a tenth of its normal volume. The result was [15] to be worthy of the emperor at that time. It turned [16] that it was valued once again when people had time—and milk—on their hands.

For the last few decades, smaller farms have started [17] their own special varieties of cheese. These smaller producers have been experimenting with more unique flavours. The same skill that goes into traditional foods like natto or soy sauce is now [18] used to create unique flavours. This might be the fresh creamy cheeses like mozzarella made in Tokyo, or the aged cheese found in Hokkaido. While Japanese people still do not eat [19] much as Europeans or North Americans, the [20] of cheese eaten in Japan is increasing every year, as is the quality. Now Japanese master cheesemakers are getting ready to appear on the world stage.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| ① amount | ⑥ producing |
| ② appreciate | ⑦ more |
| ③ being | ⑧ as |
| ④ considered | ⑨ disappeared |
| ⑤ past | ⑩ out |

III. 次の ～ に入る最も適切な表現を下から 1 つ選び、所定の解答記入欄にマークしなさい。

Yuki is talking to George, an exchange student, at a Japanese university.

Yuki: Hey George. Our essay is due on Monday. Have you been to the library yet?

George: The library? I get all my information online.

Yuki: That's a problem. You really should! The Internet is good, but you should check the books too. I like to look at some books as well as online articles.

George: You're probably right. I can never find the right kind of book.

Yuki: I see. There are a lot of different ways to use it.

George: Maybe we could go together.

Yuki: Yes, I do. I am planning to go at lunchtime. Do you want to come along?

George: That sounds great. You can show me how you find the best books.

Yuki: Okay. Let's meet after second period, in front of the library.

George:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| ① The library is closed tomorrow. | ⑥ See you there! |
| ② Can you get online books? | ⑦ I don't go to the library. |
| ③ It takes practice to use the library well. | ⑧ You shouldn't practice. |
| ④ Do you have some time later today? | ⑨ How much does it cost? |
| ⑤ Have you read it? | ⑩ But using the library is difficult. |

- IV. 次の英文を読んで、①～④ の記述から本文の内容に一致するものを4つ選び、 26 27 28 29 の各解答記入欄にマークしなさい。*がついた語は文末に注がある。

著作権の都合上、掲載を控えております。

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- (注) collide: 衝突する
contemplate: 熟考する
digital nomad: IT を活用しインターネット上で働く人
encore: (元々フランス語) もう一度

- ① In the workplace, five generations have been coming together for decades.
- ② Experts say that interactions between generations will always be bad.
- ③ According to a recent study, over half of individuals born after 1981 are thinking about a career change within a year.
- ④ Nearly one-third of respondents from Generation X state that even though they can choose hybrid or work-from-home, they will resign from their current job.
- ⑤ Marci Alboher suggests that workers who take career pauses are becoming rarer.
- ⑥ Some people start working again after they retire.
- ⑦ A Gen X manager may consider new strategies longer not because of age but because of past experience.
- ⑧ ‘I’m a younger baby boomer’ means the speaker was born around 1946.
- ⑨ Age is only one of several factors that affect how you view things.
- ⑩ Judging other generations helps establish trust between workers.

V. 次の問1～問3において、それぞれ下の①～⑥の語句を並べかえて空所を補い、最も適切な文を完成させよ。解答は **30**～**35** に入れる語を所定の解答記入欄にマークしなさい。ただし、文頭に来るものも小文字で提示してある。

問1 A: I watched a TV program about Canada last night. I was surprised that the population of Canada is _____ **30** _____ **31** _____.

B: Oh, yeah. I watched the program, too.

- | | | |
|--------|-----------|---------|
| ① than | ② much | ③ of |
| ④ that | ⑤ smaller | ⑥ Japan |

問2 A: _____ **32** _____ **33** _____ since I decided not to eat any snacks.

B: You're doing really well!

- | | | |
|----------|----------|---------|
| ① have | ② months | ③ than |
| ④ passed | ⑤ more | ⑥ three |

問3 A: _____ **34** _____ **35** _____ his friend last weekend.

B: Really? I heard he had a terrible fever last week.

- | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------|
| ① Ryo | ② playing | ③ saw |
| ④ baseball | ⑤ I | ⑥ with |